AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

Claims 1-2. (Canceled)

- 3. (Currently Amended) An oral or rectal pharmaceutical composition comprising coreshell particles and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient, said core-shell particles comprising a core component and a shell component, the core component comprising a potassium-binding cation exchange polymer, the shell component comprising a crosslinked polymer having a permeability for potassium ion that is higher than the permeability for a competing cation, and having a thickness ranging from about 0.002 microns to about 50 microns, the shell component being essentially not disintegrated during residence and passage through the gastro-intestinal tract of an animal subject.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claims 3 or 53 wherein said core-shell particles bind potassium ion and retain bound potassium ion during residence and passage through the gastrointestinal tract of a human subject, such that potassium ion is removed from the gastrointestinal tract of the human subject by the core-shell particles to obtain a therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit.

Claims 5-14. (Canceled)

15. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 wherein said core component is physically or chemically attached to said shell component.

Claims 16-20, (Canceled)

21. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 wherein said core-shell particle is about 200 nm to about 2 mm in size.

Claims 22-28. (Canceled)

 (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 wherein said shell component is deposited with a coating process.

30. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 53 wherein said pharmaceutical composition further comprises an enteric coating.

Claims 31-33. (Canceled)

34. (Previously Presented) A method of treating an animal subject suffering from a disease selected from the group consisting of renal insufficiency, renal failure, end stage renal disease (ESRD) and combinations thereof, comprising administering to an animal subject in need thereof an effective amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 53.

Claims 35-39. (Canceled)

40. (Previously Presented) A method of treating an animal subject suffering from hyperkalemia comprising administering to an animal subject in need thereof an effective amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 53.

Claims 41-50. (Canceled)

- 51. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 21 wherein said shell component polymer has a thickness ranging from about $0.005~\mu m$ to less than about 10 μm .
- 52. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 21 wherein said shell component polymer has a thickness ranging from more than about 1 μm to less than about 10 μm.

- 53. (Currently Amended) An oral or rectal pharmaceutical composition comprising core-shell particles and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient, said core-shell particles comprising a core component and a shell component, the core component comprising a potassium-binding cation exchange polymer, the shell component comprising a crosslinked polymer having a permeability for potassium ion that is higher than the permeability for a competing eation, the weight ratio of the shell component polymer to the core component polymer ranging from about 0.0001:1 to about 0.5:1, the shell component being essentially not disintegrated during residence and passage through the gastro-intestinal tract of an animal subject.
- 54. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 53 wherein the weight ratio of the shell component polymer to the core component polymer ranges from about 0.002:1 to about 0.1:1.
- 55. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 53 wherein the core component comprises a crosslinked cation-exchange polymer.
- 56. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 53 wherein the core component comprises a cation-exchange polymer comprising acidic functional groups.
- 57. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 53 wherein the core component comprises a cation-exchange polymer comprising functional groups selected from the group consisting of carboxylate, phosphonate, sulfate, sulfanate, sulfamate and combinations thereof.
- 58. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 53 wherein the shell component comprises a crosslinked synthetic polymer.
- 59. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 53 wherein the shell component comprises a polymer produced by polymerization of an ethylenic monomer.

- 60. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 53 wherein the shell component comprises a polymer produced by polymerization of a vinylic monomer.
- (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 53 wherein the shell component comprises a polymer produced by polymerization of an acrylic or methacrylic monomer.
- 62. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 53 wherein the shell component comprises a hydrophobic polymer, and is essentially not disintegrated during residence and passage of the core-shell particles through the gastro-intestinal tract of a human subject, and wherein the core-shell particles bind potassium ion and retain bound potassium ion during residence and passage through the gastrointestinal tract of the human subject, such that potassium ion is removed from the gastrointestinal tract of the human subject by the core-shell particles to obtain a therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit.
- 63. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 4 wherein the coreshell particles retain at least about 50% of the bound potassium ion with the core-shell particles during residence and passage of the core-shell particles through the gastro-intestinal tract.
- 64. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 4 wherein the coreshell particles retain at least about 75% of the bound potassium ion with the core-shell particles during residence and passage of the core-shell particles through the gastro-intestinal tract.

65. (Canceled)

- 66. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 4 wherein the human subject is suffering from renal insufficiency.
- 67. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 4 wherein the human subject is suffering from renal failure.

- (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 4 wherein the human subject is suffering from end stage renal disease (ESRD).
- (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 4 wherein the human subject is a dialysis patient.
- 70. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 4 wherein the human subject is suffering from hyperkalemia.
- 71. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 53 wherein the shell component is hydrophobic.
- 72. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 53 wherein the core component comprises a crosslinked cation-exchange polymer comprising acidic functional groups, and the shell component comprises a crosslinked synthetic polymer.
- 73. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 72 wherein the shell component is hydrophobic.
- 74. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 72 wherein the shell component comprises a polymer produced by polymerization of a vinylic monomer.
- 75. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 72 wherein the shell component comprises a polymer produced by polymerization of an acrylic or methacrylic monomer.
- 76. (Currently Amended) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 3 or 53 wherein the oral pharmaceutical composition is in the form of a powder, tablet, capsule, solution, or emulsion.